MODEL 41-714, CODE 121

SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE OF CIRCUIT: Six (6) tube A. C. operated superheterodyne circuit with three tuning ranges for reception of standard and short-wave broadcast stations. Other features of design included in this model are: — High Gain R. F. Stage; Phileo "Loktal" Tubes; Bass Compensation; Automatic Volume Control; Tone Control and a Pentode Audio Output Stage.

TUNING RANGES:

540 to 1600 K. C. 2.3 to 7.2 M. C. 7.0 to 24 M. C.

I. F. FREQUENCY: 455 K. C.

POWER SUPPLY: This model operates on 115 or 230 volts, 60 cycle, alternating current (A. C.). To operate the receiver on either of these voltages the power transformer wiring must be connected as indicated on the label at the rear of the set.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 115 or 230 volts, 40 watts.

PHILCO TUBES USED: 7A7E, R. F. Amplifier; 7J7E, Converter; 7B7E, I. F. Amplifier; 7B6, Second Detector, A. V. C., First Audio; 6K6E, Audio Output and a 7Y4, Rectifier.

AUDIO OUTPUT: 1.5 watts.

AERIAL AND GROUND: To obtain maximum sensitivity a Philco Aerial, Part No. 40-6383, should be used. In addition the ground connections should be securely attached to a water pipe or any other metal object that contacts moist earth.

CABINET DIMENSIONS:

Height, 115/16".

Width, 16316".

Depth, 776".

ALIGNING R. F. AND I. F. COMPENSATORS

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- 1. Signal Generator, such as Philco Models 077 A. C. operated or Model 177 battery operated. These signal generators cover a frequency range from 115 to 36000 K. C.
- 2. Indicating Device: To obtain maximum signal strength and accurate adjustment of the padders, a vacuum tube voltmeter similar to Philco Models 027 and 028 are recommended.

These instruments also contain an audio output meter which may be used as an indicating device. The method of connecting either of these instruments is listed below.

3. Aligning Tools: Fibre handle screwdriver, Philco Part No. 45-2610.

CONNECTING ALIGNING INSTRUMENTS

Vacuum Tube Voltmeter: To use the vacuum tube voltmeter as an aligning indicator, it should be connected to the A. V. C. circuit as follows:

- 1. Connect the negative (—) terminal of the vacuum tube voltmeter through a 2 megohm resistor to any point in the circuit where the A. V. C. voltage can be measured.
- 2. Connect the positive (+) terminal to the chassis ground terminal.

Audio Output Meter: If this type of meter is used as an

aligning indicator, it should be connected to the plate and screen terminals of the 6K6EG tube. Adjust the meter for the $0\ to\ 30\ volt\ A$.C. scale,

After connecting the aligning meter, adjust the compensators in the order as shown in the tabulation below. Locations of the compensators are shown in the schematic diagram.

If the output meter pointer goes off scale when adjusting the compensators, reduce the strength of the signal from the generator.

Opera- tions in Order	SIGNAL G	ENERATOR			SPECIAL		
	Output Connections to Receiver	Dummy Antenna Note A	Dial Setting	Dial Setting	Control Settings	Adjust Compensators	INSTRUCTIONS
1	Lug of Ant. Tuning Condenser Front Section	.1 mfd.	455 K. C.	580 K. C.	Range Switch Broadcast (Position 1) Vol. Max.	24A, 24B, 26A	
2	Ant. Lead	400 ohms	21 M. C.	21 M. C.	Range Switch S. W. Position 3	4B, 4A	Note B Note C
3	Ant. Lead	400 ohms	6.0 M. C.	6.0 M. C.	Range Switch S. W. Position 2	15	Roll Gang
4	Ant. Lead	200 mmfd.	1500 K. C.	1500 K. C.	Range Switch Broadcast Position 1	15A	Roll Gang
5	Ant. Lead	200 mmfd.	580 K. C.	580 K. C.	Range Switch Broadcast Position 1	17	Roll Gang

NOTE A — The "Dummy Antenna" consists of a condenser or resistance connected in series with the signal generator output lead (high side). Use the capacity or resistance as specified in each step of the above procedure.

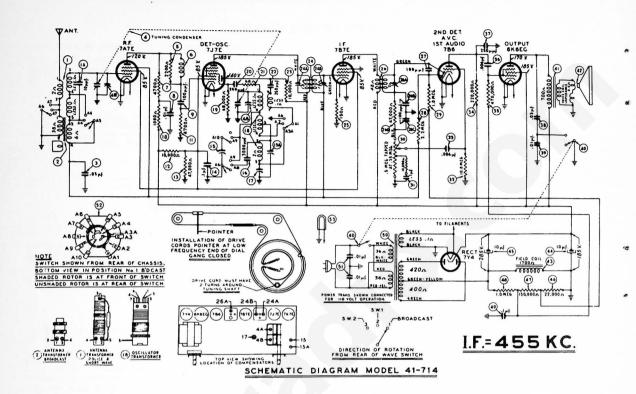
NOTE B — DIAL CALIBRATION: In order to adjust the receiver correctly the dial must be aligned to track properly with the tuning condenser. To adjust the dial, proceed as follows: With the tuning

condenser closed (maximum capacity) set the dial pointer on the first mark on the left edge (low frequency end) of the broadcast scale. NOTE C — When adjusting compensator (4B) be sure to tune in the fundamental signal (21 M. C.) instead of the image signal. If the compensator is correctly adjusted the image signal will be found by turning dial 910 K. C. below the fundamental signal, which will be 20,090 M. C.

PRODUCTION CHANGES

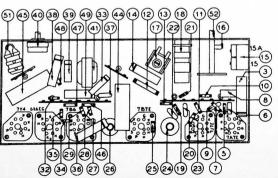
To reduce power line noise pickup on Model 41-714, the following changes were made:

Remove condenser (51) on the diagram and replace with two resistors, 150,000 ohms, Part No. 33-415339. The resistors are connected in series and attached to each side of the power line connection from which the condenser was removed. The center tap of the resistors is connected to ground. A condenser, .003 mfd., 1500 volts, Part No. 30-4608, is also connected from each plate of the 7Y4 rectifier tube to ground.



SCHE.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.	5
MO.	DESCRIPTION	No.	
1	Antenna Trans. (Police and Short-Wave)		
14	Mica Condenser (10 mmfd.)	60-010337	
2	Antenna Transformer (Broadcast)	32-3166	:
3	Tubular Condenser (.05 mfd.)	30-4609	
4	Tuning Condenser Assembly	31-2440	
5	Resistor (2200 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-222339	
6	R. F. Choke	32-3397	
7	Resistor (4700 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-247339	
8	Tubular Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4572	
9	Mica Condenser (100 mmfd.)	60-110457	
10	Resistor (1000 ohnis, 1/2 watt)	33-210339	
12	Resistor (4700 chms, 1/2 watt)	33-247339	
13	Resistor (10.000 ohms, 1 watt)	33-310439	
14	Resistor (47,600 ohms, 1/2 watt) Tubular Condenser (.1 mfd.)	33-347339	
15	Compensator (2 section)	31-6343	
16	Mica Condenser (3000 mmfd.)	60-230124	
17	Compensator (Broadcast Tracker)	31-6289	
16	Oscillator Transformer	32-3296	
19	Resistor (68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-368339	11:2
20	Mica Condenser (250 mmfd.)	60-125457	(
21	Resistor (68 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-068339	6
22	Mica Condenser (250 mmfd.)	60-125457	
23	Resistor (10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-310339	
24	1st I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3398	
25	Resistor (150 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-115339	F
26	2nd I. F. Transformer Assembly	32-3399	- 1
27	Mica Condenser (100 mmfd.)	60-110457	- 1/
28	Resistor (2.2*meq., 1/2 watt)	33-522339	- 1
29	Resistor (1.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-510339	- 1
30	Volume Control (.5 meg.)	33-5391	- 1
31	Tubular Condenser (.1 mfd.)	30-4586	- 1
32	Resistor (10.0 meg., 1/2 watt)	33-610339	- 8
33	Tubular Condenser (.006 mfd.)	30-4591	- 1
34	Resistor (220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-422339	- 1
35	Resistor (470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-447339	
36	Tubular Condenser (.006 mfd.)	30-4610	- 1
37	Mica Condenser (250 mmfd.)	60-125457	- 1
38	Tubular Condenser (.03 mfd.)	30-4517	п
39	Tubular Condenser (.01 mfd.)	30-4572	
41	Tone Control and On-Off Switch	42-1520	- 11
42	Output Transformer	32-8106	- 11.
-2	(Speaker Part No. 36-1504-2)		
43	Field Coil (Replace Spkr. Part No. 36-1504-	36-4126	la la
44	Electrolytic Condenser (10 mfd., 350V.)	2)	
45	Electrolytic Condenser (10 mfd., 350V.)	30-2459	
46	Resistor (22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	30-2459	
47	Resistor (150,000 ohms, 1/2 watt)	33-322339	
48		33-415339	
49		33-510339	
30	Power Trans. (115-230 V., 50-60 cycles)	30-4586	
		32.5094	

CHE. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.	SCHE.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.
51	Bakelite Condenser (.0101 mfd.)	3903-006		Drive Cord Assembly (Pointer)	31-2442
52	Wave Switch			Drive Shaft	56-6052
53	Pilot Lamp			Drive Drum Assembly	38-9883
	MISCELLANEOUS PART	s		Knobs (Volume, Tuning, Tone and Wave Switch)	27-4332
	Bearing (Front, Wave Switch)	27-9424		Pointer	56-1673
	Bearing (Rear, Drive Shaft)			Pilot Lamp Assembly	
	Cabinet	10470A		Rubber Hose (Drive Shaft)	27-9432
	Cable and Plug (Power Supply)	L-3246		Socket (Loktal Type)	55-0575
	Clip (Ant. Coil Mounting)			Socket (Octal Type)	27-6137
	Clip (Osc. Coil Mounting)			Special Plug (Power Supply)	L-1367
	Dial			Spring (Tuning Cond. Drive Cord)	28-8751
	Dial Clamp			Spring (Pointer Drive Cord)	28-8953
	Dial Bracket	56-1711		Spring (Hairpin Type, Drive Shaft)	
	Drive Cord Assembly (Tuning Cond.)			Washer ("C" Type, Drive Shaft)	28-2043



PART LOCATIONS, UNDERSIDE OF CHASSIS.

MANY OF THE PARTS IN THIS PHILCO, SUCH AS CONDENSERS AND RESISTORS, ARE HELD TO MUCH CLOSER TOLERANCE THAN STANDARD REPLACE-MENT PARTS. GENU-INE PHILCO REPLACE-MENT PARTS MUST BE USED TO OBTAIN SATISFACTORY PER-FORMANCE OF THIS MODEL.